CENSUS 2000: PROSPECTS UNCERTAIN

By Elliott R. Barkan

In 1989 I had the opportunity to attend a U.S. Census Bureau workshop planning the ancestry question for the 1990 census. We were particularly concerned with ensuring the greatest accuracy in the breadth of responses. The outcome may not have been perfect, and the undercount of various groups was not inconsiderable. I had protested against the inclusion of specific Asian nationalities in the breakdown of the race question, arguing that this erroneously conveyed the idea that Chinese, Japanese, Filipinos, etc. were individual racial groups. I was told that that had been a political decision; groups representing Asians and Pacific Islanders wanted a count based on 100% of the census returns, which the race question provided, while ancestry data was based upon a sample of the population, derived from the "long forms." Nevertheless, the 1990 census results, though imperfect, were still quite revealing overall.

Given this previous experience, I was especially interested in how Census 2000 would shape up. With that in mind, I attended a Census Bureau meeting in February 1995 for Southern California government officials. I learned (much to my chagrin) that we are facing the consequences of the general downsizing which Congress has planned for many government agencies. Problems with the 1990 census have made it a particularly inviting target, for many are convinced that the whole process not only overlooks large numbers of people, especially among African Americans and other minorities, but it also contains many questions that are extraneous to the government's needs and which are possibly excessively intrusive. An increasing number of persons have simply refused to complete it.

The Census Bureau distinguishes three types of questions. First are the "mandatory" ones, specifically required by Congress as part of the census and usually for legislative purposes. These include age, citizenship, Hispanic origin, race, language spoken at home, place of birth, and year of entry, among others. Second are questions "required by law" and most efficiently obtained through the census. These include class of worker, labor force status, occupation, industry, and various items pertaining to housing. Third are "programmatic" questions used for planning, evaluation, etc., but not mandated by law; these refer to ancestry, residence five years previous, number of children ever born, and various housing-related questions. The latter group are referred to especially as "soft data."

No final determination will be made until the Bureau submits its recommendations to Congress in April 1997. However, several things appear likely, according to information provided by Roderick Harrison and Larry Hogg of the Census Bureau. First, only "mandatory" and "required" items are likely to remain in the 2000 census, with all "programmatic" questions excluded. Second, the "long form" may be abandoned entirely. Third, the Bureau is examining a reconfigured question that combines race, ancestry, and Hispanic origin, and in October 1995 may decide to test that combination. Meanwhile, refined versions of the race and Hispanic questions are scheduled for testing in October 1996. Finally, entirely new formats for the census are being explored, including simply reducing it to a post card to be completed and returned by all persons.

The direction clearly seems to be toward a significant reduction in the comprehensiveness of the census reports. The ancestry data from 1980 and 1990 have been most useful for research assessing the dramatic changes occurring in American society and the impact of various ethnic groups. For example: Besides groups of African American, Puerto Rican and Native American ancestry, there were twenty-two nationalities numbering over one million persons who reported that specific nationality as their first (principal) ancestry. Of these, eighteen were European (or Canadian). Nearly 146.6 million Americans gave a first ancestry that was one of these eighteen. Since all race, origin, and ancestry responses are self-reported, they are subject to inaccuracies and inconsistencies; but the data have proven to be a valuable point of departure, especially since second generation data have no longer been furnished since 1970.

Those having an interest in seeing such questions preserved, especially in light of current anxieties regarding the impact of immigration on America and the many fertility fantasies predicting dire ethnic straits confronting American society in the next half-century, ought to be in touch with their congressmen, and to mark their calendars to reiterate their concerns in early 1997.

Elliott R. Barkan is Professor of History at California State University, San Bernardino.
News from Libraries, Museums, and Historic Sites...

Ellis Island-New Jersey Bridge Out; Hitting the Ethnic Trail in Wisconsin

The project to build a bridge between Ellis Island and Liberty State Park in New Jersey is now apparently dead. The appropriation for it in the budget of the National Park Service was deleted in House and Senate committees in May. The project had been opposed by preservationist groups (including the Immigration History Society), but the resolution of the matter was the result primarily of a New York-New Jersey political battle, in which New York Democrats and Republicans in Congress united against the New Jersey project. Critics continued to complain that the lack of a bridge leaves access to Ellis Island in the hands of the Statue of Liberty Ferry, a private company, which charges fares of $7.00 for adults to reach the site from either New Jersey or New York City.

The Wisconsin Department of Tourism, in conjunction with the National Trust for Historic Preservation, is developing an innovative program, the "Wisconsin Ethnic Settlement Trail." It includes 19 different motor and walking tours of ethnic sites in Wisconsin, including some tours devoted to Milwaukee ethnic neighborhoods. Tours focus on specific groups such as Germans, Poles, Luxemburgers, Dutch, Irish, French-Canadians, Bohemians, Belgians and Swedes. Currently being planned are Native American, Norwegian, Danish, Italian and Swiss tours. Sites included on the self-guided tours typically include churches, ethnic museums, characteristic immigrant architecture, archaeological sites, and other landmarks. A guidebook is available for the tours. For information: Wisconsin's Ethnic Settlement Trail, 510 Water St., Sheboygan Falls, WI 53085; (414) 467-0636.

A five-year project to restore the historic library of the German Society of Pennsylvania in Philadelphia is now underway, with a projected completion date of 1999. The library, with 90,000 volumes collected since 1817, is one of the largest collections of German materials in the United States, with special strengths in documenting German life in America. The project is divided into two parts. The first, involving cataloging and preservation of library materials, with a cost of around $1.1 million, is being funded by major grants from German sources: the Robert Bosch Foundation, the Fritz Thyssen Foundation, and the German Ministry of Foreign Affairs. The University of Pennsylvania is supplying support for the work. The second part of the project involves the renovation of the 107-year-old physical facilities, including environmental systems, electrical wiring and equipment, and fire and safety protection. The German Society is conducting a drive to raise $1 million for these purposes. The goal is to make the library a major research center for German and German-American culture. The Project Director is Prof. Frank Trommler, Dept. of German, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia PA 19104-6307.

Plans are underway to establish an International Museum of Emigration at Bremerhaven, Germany, in conjunction with an international exposition in Bremen to be held in the year 2000. For information: Dirk Schroeder, Messe Bremen Expo 2000, Faufenstrasse 23/29, 28195 Bremen, Germany.

The Chinatown History Museum, 70 Mulberry St., New York City, is now known officially as the Museum of the Chinese in the Americas.

The New York State Museum in Albany is currently showing a photo exhibit, "Refuge: The Newest New Yorkers." The exhibit reflects the trials and experiences of recent refugees from Asia and the Middle East. Through January 7, 1996.

"Hidden Children: The Youngest Survivors of the Holocaust," an exhibit at the Historical Society of Rockland County, New City, New York, recaptures the experiences of Rockland County residents who escaped the Holocaust and were hiding in Europe during the Second World War.

The children's gallery of the Newark Museum in Newark, N.J., has created an interesting exhibit for the children of immigrants. Called "Explore Korea: A Visit to Grandfather's House," the exhibit features a re-creation of a traditional rural home of a Korean landowner. Children can "occupy" the house, use the tools, utensils and furniture, and try on Korean clothing. It is supplemented with a video comparing family life in Korea with family life among Korean-Americans. It will remain at the Newark Museum until January 1997.
The National Museum of American Jewish History, 55 North Fifth St., Philadelphia, is currently showing the exhibit "Becoming American Women: Clothing and the Jewish Immigrant Experience, 1880-1920." The exhibit documents how clothing reflects cultural change among Jewish immigrant women. The exhibit was formerly on view at the Chicago Historical Society, which originated it. It will be in Philadelphia through March 3, 1996.

University Publications of America is seeking large collections of archival and research materials to microfilm for its Research Collections in American Immigration. They are particularly interested in materials in the following areas: Hispanic immigration; Jewish immigration; immigrant women; and immigrants and crime. For information and to send suggestions, contact Rudolph J. Vecoli, Immigration History Research Center, 326 Berry St., Univ. of Minnesota, St. Paul MN 55114-1087.

The Riverside Municipal Museum, Riverside, California, now has on view "Nuestros Antepasados: Riverside's Mexican American Community, 1917-1950." It focuses on the longstanding Mexican American community in Riverside, its social structures and social dynamics. It runs through December 1995.

Eric Pumroy became Director of the Library and Archives at the Balch Institute for Ethnic Studies, Philadelphia, in April 1995. He had formerly been head of Special Collections and Archives at Indiana University-Purdue University, Indianapolis. While in Indianapolis he directed a project sponsored by IUPUI and the National Endowment for the Humanities to survey and collect research materials on the German-American Turner Societies. He also previously had been an archivist with the Indiana Historical Society.

A new National Czech and Slovak Museum and Library has opened at 30 16th Ave. SW, Cedar Rapids, IA 52406.

Also in Cedar Rapids, the Linn County Historical Society has a current exhibit, "A Crucible of Hope: One Hundred Years of Jewish Community in Linn County." On view through March 18, 1996.


The Balch Institute for Ethnic Studies, Philadelphia, recently received a $40,000 grant from the ARAMARK Corporation to organize and index its collection of historical photographs on immigration and ethnicity. Among recent acquisitions at the Balch are records of the American Hellenic Educational Progressive Association; records of the Swiss Benevolent Society of New York; family papers collected by the American Finnish Society of the Delaware Valley; papers of Edward Benhuncik, Slovak-American leader; papers of Stephen Sokolowski, Polish-American journalist; and papers of Leon I. Kolankiewicz, dealing with Polish relief following both world wars.

The Museums of Stony Brook, Stony Brook, New York, are currently featuring an exhibition, "Rescuers of the Holocaust: Portraits by Gay Block." The exhibit tells through portraits and memorabilia the stories of 56 individuals who hid, protected, and saved Jews during the Second World War. Through November 26, 1995.

PERSONALS

Deborah Dash Moore, Vassar College, has been awarded the Saul Viener Prize for her book To the Golden Cities (1994), named the best book in American Jewish history for 1994-95.

J. R. Christianson, Luther College, received the Knight Cross of the Norwegian Order of Merit from King Harald V of Norway on February 22, 1995.

David Brundage, Univ. of California, Santa Cruz, received a research grant from the Irish American Cultural Institute for research on Irish-American nationalism, 1880-1923.

NECROLOGY

Joseph P. Fitzpatrick, S.J., a professor of sociology at Fordham University, died March 15, 1995 in New York City. Fr. Fitzpatrick was one of the foremost students of Puerto Rican migration to the mainland United States, and particularly of the Puerto Rican community in New York City.

Maxwell Whiteman, former archivist and librarian of the Union League of Philadelphia and self-taught ethnic scholar, died in Philadelphia on May 11, 1995. He was best known as co-author of a history of the Jews in early Philadelphia, but also worked extensively with African-American materials. He was a former president of the Ethnic Studies Association of Philadelphia.

Henry Roth, whose Call It Sleep is regarded as a classic novel of immigration, died Oct. 13, 1995 in Albuquerque, New Mexico. Based on childhood experiences in New York's Lower East Side, Roth's novel was first published in 1934, but gained new acclaim and sold over one million copies when it was republished in the 1960s. At his death, he was at work on a six-volume series of novels.
News of Conferences and Meetings...

Social Science History Meeting Highlights Immigration; 1996 A.S.A. Meeting to Focus on Migration and Culture

The program of the Social Science History Association, meeting in Chicago on November 16-19, 1995, includes a number of sessions and panels of interest. Some of these are: "New Directions in Mexican-American Family History" (Chas. Wetherell, Brian Gratton, Rodney Ito H, Manuel Avalos, Jos. Rodriguez, Julia Curry-Rodriguez); "Migration Policies and Ideology: Historical Perspectives" (Brian Gran, Niklaus Steinem, Sarah Hughes, Elizabeth Clifford); "Transnationalism, Incorporation and Contemporary Migration" (Steve Gold, Silvian Pedraza, Robert Smith, Dae Young Kim, Philip Kasinitz); "Enforcement of Alien Policy and Border Control in Europe and the U.S." (Raymond McInnis, Waverly Lowell, Nancy Naples, Victor Libet, Leo Lucassen, Rita Simon); "The Construction and Reconstruction of Ethnic Identity in the Late 19th Century" (Josef Barton, James Connoly, Peggy Hargis, James Clyde Sellman, Hannah McKinney); "Transnational Perspectives on U.S. Immigration" (Kathleen Conzen, Aaron Fogelman, Timothy Anderson, Anne Aengenvoorst, A. G. Roeber); "The Construction of Migrant Ethnicity from Above and from Below" (William H. Sewell, Jr., Leslie Page Moch, Philip Slay, A. J. McDonald, Peggy Ann Phillips); "Overall Patterns in the Transatlantic Slave Trade" (Herbert S. Klein, Stanley Engerman, David Richardson, Stephen Behrendt, Joseph Inikori, Ralph Austen); "Religion and Culture in the Transatlantic Process" (Nora Faires, Anne K. Knowles, Bryan Lumin, Ann Legreid, Maria Berg, Peter Kivisto); "Racial and Ethnic Inequality in the United States: Non-Income Dimensions" (Alice O'Connor, Reynolds Farley, Joseph Ferrie, Steven Hirschovici, Thomas Maloney, Warren Whatley); "Aliens and Dissenters: General Suppression of Radicals, 1903-1933" (Dana Frank, Ernest Chavez, David Rabb, Ellen Schrecker, William Preston, Jr.); "Work and Welfare in the Twentieth-Century U.S.: Race, Ethnicity, Residence, Class and Gender" (Robert C. Lieberman, Christine Buse, Lois Quinn, Richard D. Lester); "The Construction of Ethnic Identity: International Comparisons" (Stefano Luconi, James H. Meriwether, James Leibold, Jeannie Cooper Carson).

The 1996 meeting of the American Studies Association, scheduled to take place in Kansas City Oct. 31-Nov. 3, will center on the theme "Global Migration, American Cultures, and the State." Says the program committee: "We are interested in proposals that explore the influence of human migrations on the formation, evolution, persistence, and dissolution of American cultures across time from the early modern period to the present day." Proposals are solicited from anyone, but participants in the 1996 meeting must be ASA members by June 30, 1996. For information on format and procedures for submitting proposals, contact Peggy Pascoe, Dept. of History, University of Utah, Salt Lake City, UT 84112. Proposals are due by Jan. 26, 1996 to 1996 ASA Program Committee, c/o ASA, 1120 19th St., NW, Suite 301, Washington DC 20036.

The 28th annual conference of the American Italian Historical Association is scheduled to take place Nov. 9-11, 1995 at Lowell, Mass. Contact: AIHA, 209 Flagg Place, Staten Island NY 10304.

The National Endowment for the Humanities is sponsoring a research conference Nov. 30-Dec. 2, 1995 at Jackson State University, Mississippi, on "Collecting Our Past to Secure Our Future: A Historiography of Collecting African American Documents." Contact Allerdien Harrison, Alexander Research Center, Jackson State University, PO Box 17008, Jackson MS 39209.

The Polish American Historical Association will hold its annual conference in conjunction with the annual meeting of the American Historical Association in Atlanta, January 4-7, 1996. Of special interest to all IHS members will be a roundtable discussion of "Ethnic Academic Journals: Contemporary Issues and Concerns," to be held in the Rockdale Room, Atlanta Hilton, at 2:30 p.m. on Friday, Jan. 5. The panel includes editors of various ethnic journals, including Ron Bayor, editor of the Journal of American Ethnic History.

The Balch Institute for Ethnic Studies plans to hold three or four occasional seminars during 1996 for scholars interested in immigration and ethnic history. Meetings will feature papers, discussion of current research, and shared information. Interested parties in or near the Philadelphia area may get further information from John Tenhula, President, Balch Institute, 18 S. Seventh St., Philadelphia PA 19106; telephone (215) 925-8900 ext. 218.

The Immigration History Research Center at the University of Minnesota is planning a conference, "Immigrant Cultures and the Performing Arts," to be held March 28-30, 1996. Proposal deadline was Oct. 31, 1995. The conference will encompass a wide diversity of subjects including cultural life within the immigrant communities and cultural influences upon the larger society. For information, consult Prof. Rudolph Vecoli, Immigration History Research Center, 826 Berry St., St. Paul, MN 55114.


The American Conference on Irish Studies will hold its annual conference on April 17-20, 1996, at Southern Illinois University, Carbondale. The theme of the conference is "Irish Cultures/Across Cultures," and organizers hope to foster discussion across disciplines on the cultures that comprised Ireland and the Irish diaspora, as well as interactions among those cultures and with other cultures. Proposals closed November 1, 1995. Contact Charles Fanning, Dept. of English, Southern Illinois University, Carbondale IL 62901-4503.

The twentieth annual meeting of the Society for German American Studies will take place April 18-21, 1996 at Madison, Wisconsin. Deadline for proposals was Oct. 15, 1995. For information, contact Prof. Henry Geitz, Max Kade Institute, Univ. of Wisconsin-Madison, 901 University Bay Drive, Madison WI 53705. Future meetings of the SAGAS are scheduled as follows: 1997, St. Louis, Mo.; 1998, Frankfurt am Main, Germany; 1999, New Ulm, Minnesota; and 2000, Bremerhaven, Germany.

The New England Historical Association is calling for paper proposals for its spring conference, to be held April 20, 1996 at Amherst College, Amherst, Mass. Proposals on themes of ethnicity, national identity, and nationality are particularly encouraged. The Association is interested in all subjects of history and is not restricted to New England. Deadline for proposals: Jan. 15, 1996. Contact: Roland Sarti, Department of History, Univ. of Massachusetts, Amherst MA 01003.

The International Institute of Social History in Amsterdam is organizing its first European Social Science History Conference for May 9-11, 1996. It will be held at the Leeuwenhorst Congress Centre in Noordwijk, The Netherlands. Proposals closed in June 1995. Information: EESHC, c/o Caos, W. G. Plein 475, 1054 SH Amsterdam, The Netherlands.

The Sixth Biannual Maple Leaf and Eagle Conference on North American Studies will be held at Helsinki, Finland, May 20-23, 1996. The theme is "Visions and Divisions: The Changing Face of Popular Culture." The conference will focus on diversity within the North American popular culture, as well as its potential to unite people. Proposals should be mailed by Nov. 30, 1995. Contact Seppo Tammilinen, Renssvall Institute, P.O. Box 4, 00014 University of Helsinki, Finland.

The symposium "Migrants and the Homeland" will take place at Uppsala University in Sweden, June 12-14, 1996. Proposals closed Oct. 1, 1995. For information contact Centre for Multietnic Research, Uppsala University, Box 514, S-75312 Uppsala, Sweden.


The North American Labor History Conference plans a conference for Oct. 17-19, 1996 at Wayne State University in Detroit. The theme is "Memory and the Re-telling of Working Class Lives." Proposal deadline is March 1, 1996. Contact: Elizabeth Faue, Department of History, 3094 Faculty/Administration Building, Wayne State University, Detroit MI 48202.

Creighton University is planning its ninth annual Kultnick Symposium on Jewish Civilization, which will take place in Omaha on October 27-29, 1996. The theme of the conference will be "Yiddish Language and Culture: Then and Now." Proposals are invited on subjects relating to the history of Yiddish and related subjects in culture, literature, and the arts. One-page abstracts and vitae should be submitted by April 1, 1996, to Leonard Jay Greenspoon, Kultnick Professor in Jewish Civilization, Creighton University, 2500 California Plaza, Omaha NE 68178. Telephone: (402) 280-2304. Presenters chosen will prepare a paper for publication and deliver a twenty-minute summary of it at the symposium. Travel subsidies will be available for presenters.
Publications Noted...


Kampfhoefner, Walter D. "German Migration Research, North, South, and East: Findings, Methods, and Open Questions," in Dirk Hoerder and Jörg Nagler (eds.), *People in Transit: German Migrations in Comparative Perspective* (N. Y.: Cambridge Univ., 1995), 19-33.


Kivisto, Peter. *Americans All* (Belmont, Calif.: Wadsworth, 1995).


Zeitschrift für Kulturautastgeschichte, published by the Institut für Auslandsbeziehungen in Stuttgart, has a special issue (vol. 45, no. 1, 1995) on migration and cultural change.

**A MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT**

During the coming year I will be in Europe at the times and addresses listed below. I expect to have E-mail there, but it has not yet been arranged. Anything sent to my Cincinnati E-mail address, danielr@ncbbh.sam.edu, will be forwarded. Our Vice-president, Phil Gleason, has graciously agreed to fill in for the annual meeting and banquet.

I again urge you to make contributions to our George Pozzetta Memorial Fund, c/o Prof. Rudolph J. Vecoli, Immigration History Research Center, 826 Berry St., St. Paul, MN 55114.

From Oct. 17, 1995 through February, 1996:

Prof. Roger Daniels
Institut für Anglistik und Amerikanistik
Martin-Luther-Universität
06099 Halle (Saaale)
GERMANY
PH: 49-345-552-3512
FAX: 49-345-552-7044

From ca. March 1 through July, 1996:

Prof. Roger Daniels
Institut für Amerikanistik
Universität Innsbruck
A-6020 Innsbruck, Innrain 52
AUSTRIA
FAX 011-43-512-507-2879

Sincerely,
Roger Daniels
IHS News Notes...

CALL FOR NOMINATIONS

In 1996 the IHS will fill three positions on the Executive Board for the three-year term 1996-1999. Suggestions for the consideration of the nomination committee should be sent to its chair, Robert Swierenga, Department of History, Kent State University, Kent, OH 44242. Other committee members are: Sue Fawn Chung, Univ. of Nevada-Las Vegas; Selma Berrol, Baruch College, CUNY; Nina Mjagkij, Ball State Univ.; Gary Mormino, Univ. of South Florida. Suggestions from members should reach the chair not later than January 16, 1996. Ballots will be mailed in late February.

THEODORE SALOUTOS BOOK AWARD

Closing date for submissions for the annual Theodore Saloutos Memorial Award for the outstanding book in American immigration history is December 31, 1995. Nominations and inquiries should be sent to the chair of the Prize Committee, Professor Jon Gjerde, Dept. of History, University of California, Berkeley CA 94720. To be eligible, a book must be copyrighted 1995. Copies of the books nominated must be sent to each of the three members of the committee by Dec. 31. In addition to Prof. Gjerde, these are Prof. Hasia Diner, American Studies Dept., Univ. of Maryland, College Park, MD 20742; and Prof. Thomas Dublin, Dept. of History, SUNY-Binghamton, Binghamton, NY 13902-6000.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SOCIETY

The IHS will hold its annual business meeting in conjunction with the annual meeting of the Organization of American Historians in Chicago, March 28-31, 1996. The IHS meeting will take place in the late afternoon of March 30, to be followed that evening by the annual dinner at a local restaurant. Details will be included in a notice which will accompany the election ballot.

GEORGE POZZETTA DISSERTATION RESEARCH AWARD

The IHS invites applications for the George E. Pozzetta Dissertation Research Award. Eligible are Ph.D. candidates who have passed their qualifying exam by Dec. 1, 1995 and whose theses concern American immigration, emigration, or ethnic history. The grant is for $750 to cover expenses in researching the dissertation. Applicants should submit the following: a 3-5 page descriptive proposal in English, detailing the significance of the work, its methodology, sources, and collections to be consulted; a proposed budget; a brief curriculum vitae; and a supporting letter from the major advisor. Deadline for submission is Dec. 15, 1995; the winner will be announced about Feb. 15, 1996. Send all materials in triplicate hardcopy to Prof. Victor Greene, History Dept., University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee, Milwaukee WI 53201. Inquiries: telephone (414) 229-3965 or E-mail vgre@csd.uwm.edu

Activities Report for the Immigration History Newsletter

Mail your information for the next Newsletter to:
James M. Bergquist, Department of History, Villanova University, Villanova PA 19085-1699
or FAX a copy to (610) 519-4450 or send information via E-Mail to: bergquist@ucis.vill.edu

Your name and affiliation:

THE IMMIGRATION HISTORY SOCIETY

...was founded in 1965 to promote the study of the history of immigration to the United States and Canada from all parts of the world, including studies of the background of emigration in the countries of origin; to promote the study of ethnic groups in the United States, including regional groups, native Americans and forced immigrants; to promote understanding of the processes of acculturation and conflict; to furnish through the Immigration History Newsletter information as to research, organizations, meetings and publications in the field of immigrant history; to help organize sessions on immigration and ethnicity at meetings of learned societies; and generally to serve the field of immigration-ethnic history with special reference to professional scholarship.

MEMBERSHIP

...in the Immigration History society includes subscriptions to the quarterly Journal of American Ethnic History and the semianual Immigration History Newsletter. Dues for individuals: one year, $30; 2 years, $55; 3 years, $75. Dues for institutions: one year, $72; 2 years, $138; 3 years, $184. Students: 1 year, $15. Patrons: 1 year, $100 (individuals or institutions who wish to provide more substantial financial support to the Society will have their names listed on the inside cover of the Journal). For domestic first-class mail, add $3 per year. For all subscriptions outside U.S.A., add $3 per year for surface mail, or $48 per year for airmail. Membership dues should be sent to Journal of American Ethnic History, Dept. 8010, Transaction Periodicals Consortium, Rutgers University, New Brunswick NJ 08903.

OFFICERS OF THE IHS

President: Roger Daniels, University of Cincinnati, Dept. of History, Cincinnati OH 45221-0373. Tel.: (513) 221-2221. FAX: (513) 556-7901. E-mail: daniels@ucbeh.san.uc.edu
Vice-president: Philip Gleason, University of Notre Dame, Dept. of History, Notre Dame IN 46556.
Secretary: June G. Alexander, 3410 Bishop St., Cincinnati OH 45220-1831. Tel.: (513) 861-4762. FAX: (513) 556-7901. E-mail: alexander@ucbeh.san.uc.edu

Journal of American Ethnic History: Ronald H. Bayor, Georgia Institute of Technology, Dept. of History, Technology and Society, Atlanta GA 30332.

Immigration History Newsletter: James M. Bergquist, Department of History, Villanova University, Villanova PA 19085-1699. Tel.: (610) 519-4688. FAX: (610) 519-4450. E-mail: bergquist@ucis.vill.edu

Inquiries about the Society should be directed to the appropriate officer. This newsletter was edited with additional assistance and support from the staff of the Library, Balch Institute for Ethnic Studies. Newsletter submissions and questions about editorial matters should be sent to the newsletter editor at the address above. Requests for back issues should be sent to the editor; to purchase back issues, send $2.00 per copy (by check made out to Villanova University).

Subscriptions to the Immigration History Newsletter are part of membership in the Society. Members' changes of address should be sent to Immigration History Newsletter, Dept. 8010, Transaction Periodicals Consortium, Rutgers University, New Brunswick NJ 08903.